

## Olfactory receptor 2Z1 rabbit pAb antibody

| Catalog No :                 | Source:  | Concentration : | Mol.Wt. (Da): |
|------------------------------|--|-----------------|---------------|
| A18877                       | Rabbit   | 1 mg/ml         | 34444         |
| <b>Applications</b>          | IF,ELISA   |                 |               |
| <b>Reactivity</b>            | Human  |                 |               |
| <b>Dilution</b>              | IF: 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.  |                 |               |
| <b>Storage</b>               | -20°C/1 year   |                 |               |
| <b>Specificity</b>           | Olfactory receptor 2Z1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Olfactory receptor 2Z1 protein.  |                 |               |
| <b>Source / Purification</b> | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.  |                 |               |
| <b>Immunogen</b>             | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human OR2Z1. AA range:201-250  |                 |               |
| <b>Uniprot No</b>            | Q8NG97   |                 |               |
| <b>Alternative names</b>     | OR2Z1; OR2Z2; Olfactory receptor 2Z1; Olfactory receptor 2Z2; Olfactory receptor OR19-4  |                 |               |
| <b>Form</b>                  | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.  |                 |               |
| <b>Clonality</b>             | Polyclonal   |                 |               |
| <b>Isotype</b>               | IgG  |                 |               |
| <b>Conjugation</b>           |  |                 |               |
| <b>Background</b>            | <p>olfactory receptor family 2 subfamily Z member 1(OR2Z1) Homo sapiens</p> <p>Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],</p> |                 |               |
| <b>Other</b>                 | OR2Z1, Olfactory receptor 2Z1  |                 |               |
| <b>Product Images:</b>       |  |                 |               |

**Application Key:**

WB-Western IP-Immunoprecipitation IHC-Immunohistochemistry ChIP-Chromatin Immunoprecipitation

IF-Immunofluorescence F-Flow Cytometry E-P-ELISA-Peptide

**Species Cross-Reactivity Key:**

H-Human M-Mouse R-Rat Hm-Hamster Mk-Monkey Vir-Virus Mi-Mink C-Chicken Dm-D. melanogaster

X-Xenopus Z-Zebrafish B-Bovine Dg-Dog Pg-Pig Sc-S. cerevisiae Ce-C. elegans Hr-Horse All-All

Species Expected

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