

## ADA19 rabbit pAb antibody

| Catalog No :                 | Source:   | Concentration : | Mol.Wt. (Da): |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------|---------------|
| A10303                       | Rabbit  | 1 mg/ml         |               |
| <b>Applications</b>          | WB,ELISA  |                 |               |
| <b>Reactivity</b>            | Human,Mouse   |                 |               |
| <b>Dilution</b>              | WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000  |                 |               |
| <b>Storage</b>               | -20°C/1 year  |                 |               |
| <b>Specificity</b>           | ADA19 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.   |                 |               |
| <b>Source / Purification</b> | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.   |                 |               |
| <b>Immunogen</b>             | Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 180-260   |                 |               |
| <b>Uniprot No</b>            | Q9H013  |                 |               |
| <b>Alternative names</b>     |   |                 |               |
| <b>Form</b>                  | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.  |                 |               |
| <b>Clonality</b>             | Polyclonal  |                 |               |
| <b>Isotype</b>               | IgG   |                 |               |
| <b>Conjugation</b>           |   |                 |               |
| <b>Background</b>            | ADAM metalloproteinase domain 19(ADAM19) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a member of the ADAM (a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain) family. Members of this family are membrane-anchored proteins structurally related to snake venom disintegrins and have been implicated in a variety of biological processes involving cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions, including fertilization, muscle development, and neurogenesis. This member is a type I transmembrane protein and serves as a marker for dendritic cell differentiation. It has been demonstrated to be an active metalloproteinase, which may be involved in normal physiological processes such as cell migration, cell adhesion, cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions, and signal transduction. It is proposed to play a role in pathological processes, such as cancer, inflammatory diseases, renal diseases, and Alzheimer's disease. [provided by RefSeq, May 2013], |                 |               |
| <b>Other</b>                 | ADAM19 MLTNB FKSG34, Disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain-containing protein 19 (ADAM 19) (EC 3.4.24.-) (Meltrin-beta) (Metalloprotease and disintegrin dendritic antigen marker) (MADDAM)  |                 |               |

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**Product Images:****Application Key:**

WB-Western IP-Immunoprecipitation IHC-Immunohistochemistry ChIP-Chromatin Immunoprecipitation

IF-Immunofluorescence F-Flow Cytometry E-P-ELISA-Peptide

**Species Cross-Reactivity Key:**

H-Human M-Mouse R-Rat Hm-Hamster Mk-Monkey Vir-Virus Mi-Mink C-Chicken Dm-D. melanogaster

X-Xenopus Z-Zebrafish B-Bovine Dg-Dog Pg-Pig Sc-S. cerevisiae Ce-C. elegans Hr-Horse All-All

Species Expected

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