

## DFFB rabbit pAb antibody

| Catalog No :                 | Source:   | Concentration : | Mol.Wt. (Da): |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------|---------------|
| A13544                       | Rabbit  | 1 mg/ml         |               |
| <b>Applications</b>          | WB,ELISA  |                 |               |
| <b>Reactivity</b>            | Human   |                 |               |
| <b>Dilution</b>              | WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000  |                 |               |
| <b>Storage</b>               | -20°C/1 year  |                 |               |
| <b>Specificity</b>           | DFFB Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.  |                 |               |
| <b>Source / Purification</b> | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.   |                 |               |
| <b>Immunogen</b>             | Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein   |                 |               |
| <b>Uniprot No</b>            | O76075  |                 |               |
| <b>Alternative names</b>     |   |                 |               |
| <b>Form</b>                  | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.  |                 |               |
| <b>Clonality</b>             | Polyclonal  |                 |               |
| <b>Isotype</b>               | IgG   |                 |               |
| <b>Conjugation</b>           |   |                 |               |
| <b>Background</b>            | <p>DNA fragmentation factor subunit beta(DFFB) Homo sapiens Apoptosis is a cell death process that removes toxic and/or useless cells during mammalian development. The apoptotic process is accompanied by shrinkage and fragmentation of the cells and nuclei and degradation of the chromosomal DNA into nucleosomal units. DNA fragmentation factor (DFF) is a heterodimeric protein of 40-kD (DFFB) and 45-kD (DFFA) subunits. DFFA is the substrate for caspase-3 and triggers DNA fragmentation during apoptosis. DFF becomes activated when DFFA is cleaved by caspase-3. The cleaved fragments of DFFA dissociate from DFFB, the active component of DFF. DFFB has been found to trigger both DNA fragmentation and chromatin condensation during apoptosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene but the biological validity of some of these variants has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2013],</p> |                 |               |
| <b>Other</b>                 | <p>DFFB CAD DFF2 DFF40, DNA fragmentation factor subunit beta (EC 3.-.-.) (Caspase-activated deoxyribonuclease) (CAD) (Caspase-activated DNase) (Caspase-activated nuclease) (CPAN) (DNA fragmentation factor 40 kDa subunit) (DFF-40)</p>  |                 |               |

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**Product Images:****Application Key:**

WB-Western IP-Immunoprecipitation IHC-Immunohistochemistry ChIP-Chromatin Immunoprecipitation

IF-Immunofluorescence F-Flow Cytometry E-P-ELISA-Peptide

**Species Cross-Reactivity Key:**

H-Human M-Mouse R-Rat Hm-Hamster Mk-Monkey Vir-Virus Mi-Mink C-Chicken Dm-D. melanogaster

X-Xenopus Z-Zebrafish B-Bovine Dg-Dog Pg-Pig Sc-S. cerevisiae Ce-C. elegans Hr-Horse All-All

Species Expected

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